Gluten-Free Goodness: When, why & a *little* on how to go gluten-free.

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Think beyond the gut! Consequences of Undiagnosed CD In population screening studies, most people > Villus atropy \rightarrow malabsorption of nutrients Many nutrient deficiencies possible newly diagnosed with celiac disease were ASYMPTOMATIC or had "ATYPICAL" Anemia (iron deficiency) • B vitamin deficiencies (folate, B12, etc.) presentations. • All fat soluble vitamins: Vitamin A, E, D, K deficiencies • Calcium deficiency • Magnesium • Zinc Katz KD, Rashtak S, Lahr BD, Melton LJ 3rd, Krause PK, Maggi K, Talley NJ, Murray Screening for celiac disease in a North American population sequential Copper serology and gastrointestinal symptoms. JA Am J Gastroenterol. 2011 Jul;106(7):1333-9. Barton SH, Kelly DG, Murray JA. Nutritional deficiencies in celiac disease. Gastroenterol Clin North Am. 2007; 36 (1): 93-108. www.harriswholehealth.con





Risk for other autoimmune diseases

"We believe that undiagnosed and untreated Celiac Disease may switch on some as-yetunknown, immunological mechanism that sets off a cascade of other disorders."

Berti, I. Usefulness of Screening Program for Celiac Disease in Autoimmune Thyroiditis. *Digestive Diseases and Sciences*, Vol. 45, No. 2 (February 2000), pp. 403-406.















What is gluten? How much is safe? Storage protein found in Essentially none. Wheat (MANY other words for wheat!) Proposed U.S. definition of "gluten-free" is less than 20 ppm (others suggest 5 or 10 Barley ppm is safer.) Rye > 20 ppm=take a piece of bread and cut it into Most oats, by cross-contamination 7,030 pieces Smaller than most crumbs Permanently off-limits for all people with Food and Drug Administration Food Labeling and Guidance Regulatory Celiac Disease Information http://www.fda.gov/Food/LabelingNutrition/FoodLabelingGuidanceRegula toryInformation/Topic-SpecificLabelingInformation/default.htm#gluten ccessibility verified December 6th, 2011. www.harriswholehealth.com













What is Wheat Allergy?

In the U.S., .1% have a documented wheat allergy.

 Usually in infants/toddlers, less common in adolescents/adults.

 Symptoms include swelling, itching and irritation in nose, eyes and throat, difficulty breathing, etc.

- CAN cause GI symptoms—cramping, nausea, bloating, diarrhea, etc.
- Most infants and children grow out of it.

uppl):685-755.

 No reaction to barley, rye, oats, etc.
 Pietzak M. Celiac disease, wheat allergy, and gluten sensitivity: when gluten free is not a fad. JPEN J Parenter Enteral Nutr. 2012 Jan;36(1)





Other reasons why people may eat gluten-free

- Gluten sensitivity: "Those cases of gluten reaction in which both allergic and autoimmune mechanisms have been ruled out (diagnosis by exclusion criteria)".
- Wheat allergies
- Low FODMAP diet (low gluten)
- EOE

Sapone A, Bai JC, Ciacci C . Proposed new nomenclature and classification of gluten-related disorders. BMC Medicine 2012 10:13 doi:10.1186/1741-7015-10-13

Symptoms of Gluten Sensitivity

- Abdominal pain (68%)
- Eczema and/or rash (40%)
- Headache (35%)
- 'foggy mind' (34%)
- Fatigue (33%)
- Diarrhea (33%)
- Depression (22%)
- Anemia (20%)
- Numbness in the legs, arms or fingers 20%
- Joint pain (11%).

Data from the Center for Celiac Research 2004-2010

Consequences of Gluten Ingestion: Celiac disease: Gluten sensitivity: > Symptoms & discomfort > Symptoms and <u>OR</u> no symptoms discomfort > Intestinal damage > Nutritional deficiencies > Infertility/miscarriage > Other autoimmune

- reactions
 Increased risk of
- certain cancers
- Increased mortality

Pietzak M. Celiac Disease, wheat allergy and gluten sensitivity: when gluten free is not a fad. JPEN 2012; 36 (1Suppl):68S-75S.

Gluten Sensitivity vs Celiac

"GS patients are unable to tolerate gluten and develop an adverse reaction when eating gluten that usually, and differently from CD, does not lead to small intestinal damage. While...symptoms may resemble those associated with CD, the overall clinical picture is less severe and is not accompanied by the concurrence of tTG autoantibodies or autoimmune disease"

Sapone A, Lammers KM, Casolaro V, et al. Divergence of gut permeability and mucosal immune gene expression in two gluten associated conditions: celiac disease and gluten sensitivity. BMC Med. 2011;9:23

Comparison Overview

	Celiac Disease	Gluten Sensitivity
Prevalence	~1% about 3 million Americans	~6%=about 18 million Americans
Diagnosis	Bloodwork & endoscopy	Excluding Celiac & wheat allergy
Treatment	Gluten-free diet	Gluten-free diet
Cause	Autoimmune	Unknown (innate?)
Amt. gluten allowed	Less than 20 ppm	Unknown
Duration	Lifelong	Unknown

Testing for Gluten Sensitivity

"Confusing the picture further are private labs that offer tests of stool or saliva that they say can definitively diagnose gluten sensitivity. Experts say that such tests haven't been validated and shouldn't be relied on for a diagnosis. 'If anyone claims they have a test that is specifically for gluten sensitivity, there is no such thing, though I'm not ruling it out in the future,' says Dr. Alessio Fasano".

New Guide to Who Really Shouldn't Eat Gluten. WSJ. Feb 6, 2012. http://online.wsj.com/article/SB10001424052970204136404577206891 526292590.html www.harrigedwidthauth.com

Gluten Sensitivity in IBS Double blinded, randomized, placebo controlled

- trial.
- Increase in IBS symptoms when eating gluten, and biggest change during the 1st week.
- In "glutened" group, significantly more pain, fatigue, bloating and stool changes.
- In symptomatic people, no changes in inflammatory markers.
- 56% had DQ2/8 (general population ~35-40%)

Biesiekierski JR, Newnham ED, Irving PM *et al.* Gluten causes gastrointestinal symptoms in subjects without celiac disease: a double-blind randomized placebo-controlled trial. Am J Gastroenterol 2011;106:508-514.

Which IBS Patients Respond to Gluten Withdrawal?

- More likely to have positive AGA IgG
- More likely than controls to have the DQ2 gene (generally associated with Celiac Disease)

Wahnschaffe U, Schulzke JD, Zeitz M, et al. Predictors of clinical response to gluten-free diet in patients diagnosed with diarrhea-predominant irritable bowel syndrome. Clin Gastroenterol Hepatol. 2007;5:844-50.

Is it the gluten...or something else?

- One study showed put people on a low FODMAP diet.
- Introduced gluten & gluten didn't seem to be the problem for almost all people.

Biesiekirski, J.R.; Peters, S.L.; Newnham, E.D.et al. No effects of gluten in patients with self-reported non-celiac gluten sensitivity following dietary reduction of low-ferementable, poorly absorbed, short-chain carbohydrates. *Castroenterol* 2013, 145, 320-328, doi:10.1053/j.gastro.2013.04.051.









Schizophrenia

"A drastic reduction, if not full remission, of schizophrenic symptoms after initiation of gluten withdrawal has been noted in a variety of studies. However, this occurs only in a subset of schizophrenic patients."

Kalaydjian AE, Eaton W, Cascella N, Fasano A. The gluten connection: the association between schizophrenia and celiac disease. Acta Psychiatr Scand. 2006 Feb (113(2):82-90.

Down Syndrome

- High percentage of patients have AGA markers (41%)
- Willing patients with AGA markers and GI symptoms were biopsied, and in a subset, some villus atrophy was found.
- That subset improved symptomatically on a gluten-free diet and AGA antibody levels returned to normal.

Uibo O, Teesalu K, Metskula K et al. Screening for celiac disease in Down's syndrome patients revealed cases of subtotal villous atrophy without typical for celiac disease HLA-DQ and tissue transglutaminase antibodies. World J Gastroenterol. 2006 Mar 7;12(9):1430-4.

Bipolar Disorder

- People with bipolar disorder are more likely to have elevated AGA levels.
- Elevated AGA levels seem to confer increased risk of re-hospitalization.

Dickerson F, Stallings C, Origoni A, et al. Markers of gluten sensitivity and celiac disease in bipolar disorder. Bipolar Disord. 2011 Feb;13(1):52-8. doi: 10.1111/j.1399-5618.2011.00894.x.

Dickerson, F., et al., Markers of gluten sensitivity in acute mania: A longitudinal study, Psychiatry Res. (2012)doi:10.1016/j.psychres.2011.11.007

Psoriasis

- People with psoriasis are more likely to have elevated AGA levels.
- When patients with elevated AGA are on a GF diet for 3 months, symptoms improved significantly in 73%.
- > When regular diet was resumed, symptoms worsened significantly.
- "In psoriasis patients who have IgA or IgG AGA the psoriasis can be improved by avoiding gluten in food."

Michaëlsson G, Gerdén B, Hagforsen E et al. Psoriasis patients with antibodies to gliadin can be improved by gluten-free diet. Br J Dermatol 2000; 142: 44-51.

Type 1 Diabetes

- Link between early exposure (prior to 3 months) to cereal grains and islet antibodies.
- Evidence of some pro-inflammatory gut effect of wheat (in people who had a negative blood screener for Celiac).

Ziegler AG, Schmid S, Huber D et al. Early infant feeding and risk of developing type 1 diabetes-associated autoantibodies. JAMA. 2003 Oct 1;290(13):1721-8.

Mojibian M, Chakir H, Lefebvre DE, et al. Diabetes-specific HLA-DRrestricted proinflammatory T-cell response to wheat polypeptides in tissue transglutaminase antibody-negative patients with type 1 diabetes. Diabetes. 2009 Aug ;58(8):1789-96.

Autism Spectrum Disorders "Available research data do not support the

use of a casein-free diet, a gluten-free diet, or combined gluten-free, casein-free (GFCF) diet as a primary treatment for individuals with ASDs."

American Academy of Pediatrics report

Buie T, Campbell DB, Fuchs GJ, et al. Evaluation, diagnosis, and treatment of gastrointestinal disorders in individuals with ASDs: a consensus report. Pediatrics. 2010;125(supplement 1):S1-S18.

ASD

- A study has established biological plausibility
- Another saw some benefit in some children
- One showed benefits per parental report
- No AGA/Celiac link seen

de Magistris L, Familiari V, Pascotto A et al. Alterations of the intestinal barrier in patients with autism spectrum disorders and in their first-degree relatives. J Pediatr Gastroenterol Nutr. 2010 Oct;51(4):418-24.

Whiteley P, Haracopos D, Knivsberg AM et al. The ScanBrit randomised, controlled, single-blind study of a gluten- and casein-free dletary intervention for children with autism spectrum disorders. Nutr Neurosci. 2010 Apr;13(2):87-100.

Batista IC, Gandolfi L, Nobrega YK et al. Autism spectrum disorder and celiac disease: no evidence for a link. Arq Neuropsiquiatr. 2012 Jan;70(1):28-33

Pennesi C., Klein L. Effectiveness of the gluten-free, casein-free diet for children diagnosed with autism spectrum disorder: Based on parental report Nutr Neurosci., 15(2) 2012. 85-91 (7).

Fashionably G-Free

Miley Cyrus "everyone should try no gluten for a week! The change in your skin, physical and mental health is amazing! U won't go back!"



- "Gluten-free products contain inferior amounts of thiamin, riboflavin and/or niacin than the wheat products they are intended to replace." Published in 1999
- Breads, pastas and most cereals are not enriched, according to U.S. study from 2000.

Thompson T. Thiamin, riboflavin, and niacin contents of the gluten-free diet: is there cause for concern? J Am Diet Assoc. 1999 Jul;99(7):858-62.

Thompson T. Folate, iron, and dietary fiber contents of the gluten-free diet <u>J</u> Am Diet Assoc. 2000 Nov;100(11):1389-96.



Dietary quality Lower intake: Higher in Magnesium Iron Zinc manganese Selenium Folate Wild D, Robins GG, Burleyet VG al. Evidence of high sugar intake, and low fibre and mineral intake, in the gluten-free diet. Aliment Pharmacol Ther 2010; 32: 573-581.

Study comparing GF and standard foods

Significant differences seen:

- Lower protein in women
- Higher fat, especially saturated fat
- Lower fiber



Miranda J1, Lasa A, Bustamante MA, et al. Nutritional Differences Between a Gluten-free Diet and a Diet Containing Equivalent Products with Gluten. Plant Foods Hum Nutr. 2014 Mar 1.

Concerns with arsenic in rice

- Inorganic arsenic is a potential carcinogen
- Rice absorbs more than most grains
- U.S. has levels set for water, but not food
- www.glutenfreewatchdog.com

Thompson, Tricia. Gluten-Free Diet, Arsenic, and Rice <u>http://www.glutenfreedietitian.com/newsletter/gluten-free-diet-arsenic-and-rice/</u> Accessed March 6, 2014.

Arsenic in Rice

- Consumer Reports 2015 issue "Children should rarely eat hot rice cereal or rice pasta...just one serving of either could put kids over the maximum amount of rice they should have in a week. Rice cakes supply close to the weekly limit in one serving..."
- Even for adults, that limits hot cereal to 2X a week, OR a bit more than 2 servings of rice pasta.
- Amaranth, buckwheat, millet and corn had low levels of arsenic.

How "whole grain" is it?
8 grams~ half a serving of whole grains
Whole Grains Council: "aim for at least 48 grams of whole grain overall, each day."



What about weight loss?

- The majority of people with Celiac disease GAIN weight on a gluten-free diet.
- Overall, people with Celiac have lower BMI than the general population before diagnosis.
- 20.5% people overweight at diagnosis
- 11.5% obese at diagnosis
- While the majority of people who are underweight become normal weight, the majority of overweight/obese remain in this category.
- ¾ gain 2 BMI points over ~3 years

Kabbani TA, Goldberg A, Kelly CP. Body mass index and the risk of obesity in coeliac disease treated with the gluten-free diet. Aliment Pharmacol Ther 2012; 35: 723-729

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Should Everyone be Gluten–Free? • "No, although the human race does not appear to be evolved to digest gluten well, and these proteins are highly immunologically reactive, no current data suggest that the general population should maintain a gluten–free lifestyle in the absence (of Celiac, wheat allergy, gluten sensitivity; and potentially IBS/Autism)" Pietzak M. Celiac Disease, wheat allergy and gluten sensitivity; when gluten free is not a fad. JPEN 2012; 36 (ISuppl):685–755.









Less obvious sources of gluten

- Potato bread
- Pita bread
- Egg noodles
- Corn bread
- Pumpernickel bread
- Many Ezekiel/sprouted breads















Oats

Rye

- Only_certified gluten-free
- <u>Moderate quantities</u> are tolerated by <u>most</u>, but not all, people with Celiac Disease

• Rye is usually labeled, oats will be discussed

- Studies have shown that incorporating oats uncontaminated with wheat, barley or rye into a gluten-free dietary pattern for people with celiac disease at intake levels of approximately 50g dry oats per day is generally safe and improves compliance"
- Rating: Fair, conditional

EAL: Recommendations Celiac Disease Inclusion of Gluten-free Oats http://www.adaevidencelibrary.com/template.cfm?template=guide_sum mary&key=2103 Accessed Dec 10, 2011



Label Reading

<u>ALWAYS.</u> No exceptions. Great tools:

- CSA product listing <u>www.csaceliacs.com</u>
- Triumph Guide Grocery Guide, published annually <u>http://triumphdining.com</u>
- Cecelia's Marketplace http://www.ceceliasmarketplace.com/

Apps, etc. • Gluten free groceries by Triumph dining • Is that gluten free? for dining out & groceries • IEatOut allergyfreepassport.com/apps/ieatout/ • GlutenFreeMe • Zeer.com http://www.zeer.com • ADA review of 10 GF Apps www.eatright.org/Media/content.aspx?id=644246 7101 Restaurants • www.glutenfreetravelsite.com • www.glutenfreeregistry.com

Cross Contamination

- No double dipping or use separate jars (jelly, PB, mayo, mustard, hummus, etc.)
- Clean cutting boards, utensils, etc.
- No shared toasters
- Label foods and use separate cupboards
- No buffets, salad bars, bulk bins, fondue, etc.